# The Possibility of Geographical Indications (GIs) to Strengthen Japan's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs): The Case of GI Mishima Potato



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Resource: Jan 19, 2022

# Japan Geographical Indication

- -"sui generis" certification system in 2015
- -113 agricultural products and foods are registered

### 113 Japan GI categories (May, 2022)

Туре	products	%
Type 1 Grains	4	3.6%
Type 2 Vegetables	40	35.4%
Type 3 Fruits	19	16.8%
Type 6 Fresh meats	12	10.6%
Type 10 Fisheries	12	10.6%
Type 15 Processed foods	19	16.8%
Type 38 non-foods products (flower, tatami mat, silk)	7	6.2%
	113	100%

Fresh products 77%







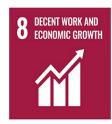
































# Mishima Potato

- 1. Landscape is exclusive in Mishima
- 2. proximity of the farm area and the urban area







# Value chain contributions to SDGs

2) Processing company (Tohei)







1) Producers



6) Mishima croquette group



5) Municipality



4) local restaurants



#### Collaboration crocket project

- 1. Different cities (Mishima and Fuji cities)
- 2. Different industries (Agriculture and Fisheries) Creating Rural Identity

Consorsium of Tagonoura Fisheries in Fuji city, 25 km away from Mishima







# Effects of GI registration



GI registration effects: Premium price with increased demand (data of 2017)

#### 1. Organization based on collaborative relationships

✓ Producers, processing companies, retailers, restaurants, Mishima potato group, municipality have sense of commitment and with an "altruistic mind" collaboratively work on recognition and distribution of the Mishima potato

#### 2. Local residence involvement

✓ City PR magazine or local broadcasting news, Mishima potato as a vegetable and processed food (croquette), local residents raise familiarity and membership on the product

Branding Mishima vegetables

# Thank you for your attention



連島ごぼう2017年11月2日

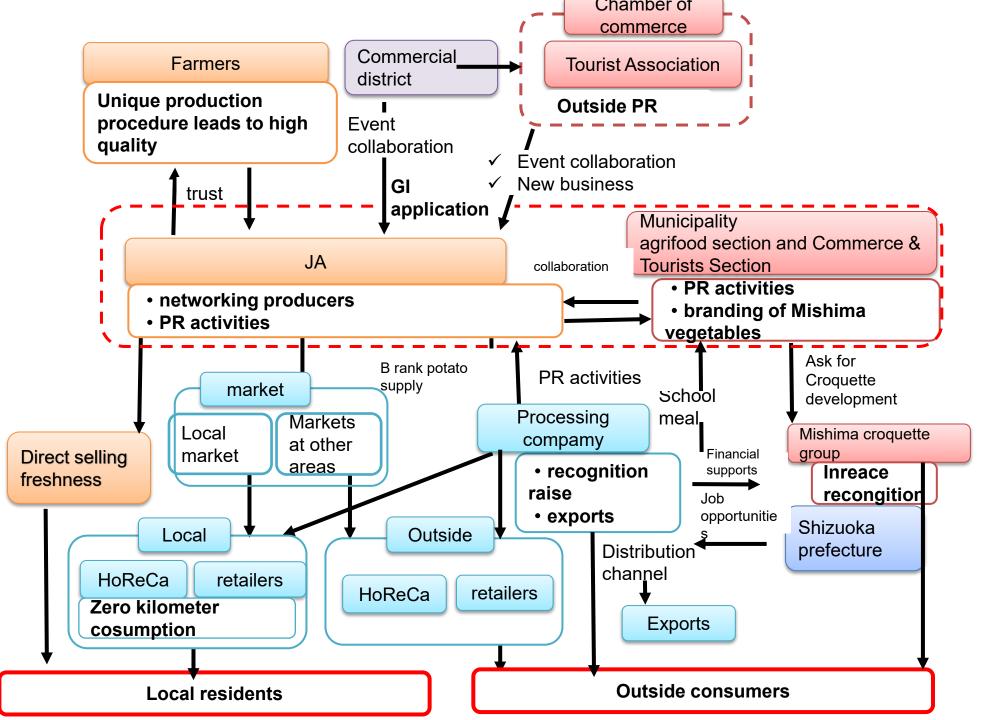


トレンティングラナチーズPDO 2015年7月22日



三島馬鈴薯2018年6月3日





### CVS of Mishima Potato

### Production stage



2018年6月3日

Econ omic	<ul> <li>Work opportunities for women and disabled</li> <li>Creation of domestic and foreign employment</li> </ul>	#5 Gender Equality #1No Poverty
Soci	<ul> <li>Educational farm for the next generation (harvest experience)</li> <li>Mutual cooperation in a young farmers' group</li> <li>Solving nutritional issues during growth and old age</li> <li>Solving modern nutritional problems (triple burden of nutritional disorders)</li> </ul>	#4Quality Education #8 Decent work and economic growth #3Good health and well- being
Envir onme ntal	<ul> <li>Land use in mountainous and cold regions</li> <li>Small environmental load in the old-fashioned production process</li> </ul>	#7Affordable and clean energy #13Climate action #15Biodiversity

### CVS of Mishima Potato



#### Processing stage

Eco nom ic	•	Local employment Buy raw materials from farmers without lowering prices	#1No Poverty #17Partnerships
Soci	•	Local specialties School meal menu with GI product Local tourism resources (National croquette contest) Product development solving metabolic disease (non- fried croquette)	#15Biodiversity #4Quality Education #8Decent work and Economic Growth #3Good health and well- being
Envi ron men tal		Zero kilometers due to local production for local consumption Zero waste by utilizing B-class products	#7Affordable and clean energy #9Inductry, Innovation, and Infrastructure #12Responsible Consumption and production

出所:三島馬鈴薯調査をもとに筆者作成

Key for SDGs Altruism for other value chain stakeholders

## Summery



- 1. Properly understand the GI system (not just a certification system).
- 2. Trying to sell only GI products is 20th century. Find and utilise local resources in collaboration with people from different fields to boost them.
- 3. Agriculture's functions other than production (landscape, food culture, residents' joy) make a sustainable rural community. Create villages and towns that residents want to live in.

#### What Japan's GI System Expects to Achieve

